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may be used in lieu of the procedures in sections 8.1 and 8.2 of the method.

- (5) Methods 6, 6A, 6B or 6C, and 7, 7A, 7C, 7D or 7E, as applicable, are the reference methods for determining SO_2 and NO_X pollutant concentrations. (Methods 6A and 6B may also be used to determine SO_2 emission rate in lb/mmBtu. Methods 7, 7A, 7C, 7D, or 7E must be used to measure total NO_X emissions, both NO and NO_2 , for purposes of this part. The owner or operator shall not use the exception in section 5.1.2 of method 7E.) Alternatively, Method 20 may be used as the reference method for relative accuracy test audits of NO_X CEMS installed on combustion turbines.
- (6) Method 20 is the reference method for determining $NO_{\rm X}$ and diluent emissions from stationary gas turbines for testing under appendix E of this part.
- (b) The owner or operator may use the following methods in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter as a reference method backup monitoring system to provide quality-assured monitor data:
- (1) Method 3A for determining O_2 or CO_2 concentration;
- (2) Method 6C for determining SO_2 concentration;
- (3) Method 7E for determining total $NO_{\rm X}$ concentration (both NO and $NO_2);$ and
- (4) Method 2, or its allowable alternatives, as provided in appendix A to part 60 of this chapter, except for Methods 2B and 2E, for determining volumetric flow. The sample point(s) for reference methods shall be located according to the provisions of section 6.5.5 of appendix A to this part.
- (c)(1) Instrumental EPA Reference Methods 3A, 6C, 7E, and 20 shall be conducted using calibration gases as defined in section 5 of appendix A to this part. Otherwise, performance tests shall be conducted and data reduced in accordance with the test methods and procedures of this part unless the Administrator:
- (i) Specifies or approves, in specific cases, the use of a reference method with minor changes in methodology;
- (ii) Approves the use of an equivalent method; or
- (iii) Approves shorter sampling times and smaller sample volumes when ne-

cessitated by process variables or other factors.

(2) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to abrogate the Administrator's authority to require testing under Section 114 of the Act.

[58 FR 3701, Jan. 11, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 26528, May 17, 1995; 64 FR 28600, May 26, 1999; 67 FR 40433, June 12, 2002; 67 FR 53505, Aug. 16, 2002]

§ 75.23 Alternatives to standards incorporated by reference.

- (a) The designated representative of a unit may petition the Administrator for an alternative to any standard incorporated by reference and prescribed in this part in accordance with §75.66(c).
 - (b) [Reserved]

[60 FR 26528, May 17, 1995]

§ 75.24 Out-of-control periods and adjustment for system bias.

(a) If an out-of-control period occurs to a monitor or continuous emission monitoring system, the owner or operator shall take corrective action and repeat the tests applicable to the "out-of-control parameter" as described in appendix B of this part.

(1) For daily calibration error tests, an out-of-control period occurs when the calibration error of a pollutant concentration monitor exceeds the applicable specification in section 2.1.4 of appendix B to this part.

(2) For quarterly linearity checks, an out-of-control period occurs when the error in linearity at any of three gas concentrations (low, mid-range, and high) exceeds the applicable specification in appendix A to this part.

(3) For relative accuracy test audits, an out-of-control period occurs when the relative accuracy exceeds the applicable specification in appendix A to this part.

(b) When a monitor or continuous emission monitoring system is out-of-control, any data recorded by the monitor or monitoring system are not quality-assured and shall not be used in calculating monitor data availabilities pursuant to §75.32 of this part.

(c) When a monitor or continuous emission monitoring system is out-ofcontrol, the owner or operator shall take one of the following actions until